

Total No. of Questions : 7]

SEAT No. :

PA-3400

[Total No. of Pages : 4

[5919]-12

M.Sc.

COMPUTER SCIENCE

CSUT-112 : Design and Analysis of Algorithms  
(2019 Pattern) (Semester - I)

Time : 3 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) All questions are compulsory.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.

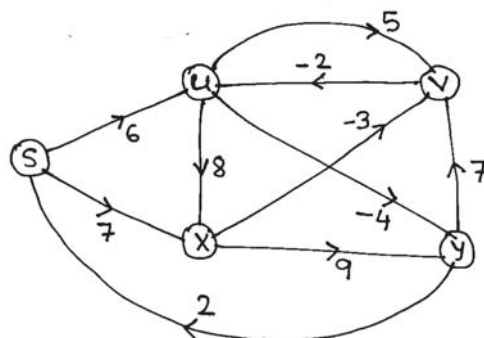
Q1) Solve any five of the following.

[5×2=10]

- a) Define  $\theta$  notation and show that  $5n^2+3n$  is  $\theta(n^2)$ .
- b) List any four algorithms that use divide and conquer strategy.
- c) Define minimum spanning tree.
- d) What do you mean by longest common subsequence problem?
- e) Define :-
  - i) Tree edge
  - ii) Back edge
- f) Give implicit and explicit constraints of 8 Queen's problem.
- g) Write two bounding function associated with every node in LCBB.

Q2) Solve the following.

- a) Rank the following functions in their increasing order of growth rate. [7]  
 $e^n, n^n, n!, \log_e(n^n), n^2$
- b) Find out the shortest paths from source 's' to all other vertices. [5]



P.T.O.

**Q3)** Solve the following.

- a) Explain quick sort algorithm. Sort the following numbers using quick sort. [7]

26, 5, 37, 1, 61, 11, 59, 15, 48, 19.

- b) Find an optimal solution to the knapsack instance [5]

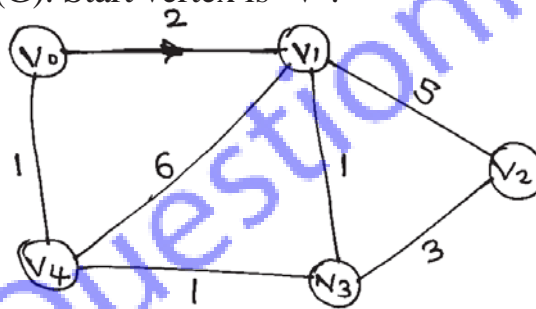
$n = 3$   $m = 20$   $(p_1, p_2, p_3) = (25, 24, 15)$

$(w_1, w_2, w_3) = (18, 15, 10)$

Using function method, from dynamic programming.

**Q4)** Solve the following.

- a) Using prim's algorithm find the minimum spanning tree of the following graph (G). Start vertex is 'V'. [7]



- b) Find longest common sub - sequence of X and Y. Where [5]

$X = \langle A, B, C, B, D, A, B \rangle$

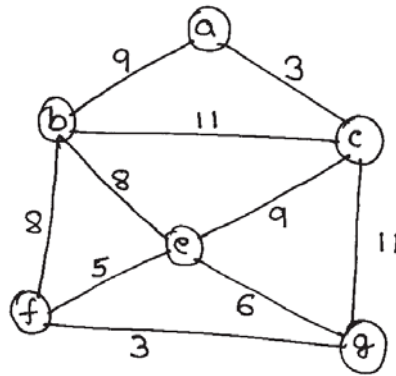
$Y = \langle B, D, C, A, B, A \rangle$

**Q5)** Solve the following.

- a) Solve traveling sales person problem (TSP) using dynamic programming method for the graph G given by adjacency matrix. [7]

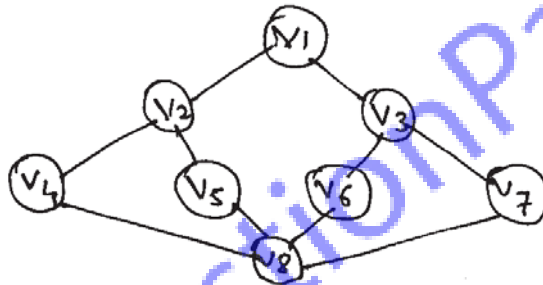
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 15 & 9 & 5 \\ 19 & 0 & 7 & 10 \\ \infty & 10 & 0 & 10 \\ 6 & \infty & 6 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

- b) Find the minimum spanning tree for the following graph using Kruskal's algorithm. [5]



Q6) Solve the following.

- a) Draw BFS and DFS for following graph. [7]



- b) Sort the following numbers with counting sort algorithm. [5]

5, 3, 1, 2, 1, 4, 1, 3, 2, 5.

Q7) Write a short note on any two of the following. [2×6=12]

- a) Define the term with example.
- i) Optimization problem
  - ii) NP Hard
  - iii) Matrix chain multiplication

- b) Draw the portion of state space tree generated by LCBB for the following instance  $n = 5$   $m = 12$ .

$$w = (4, 6, 3, 4, 2)$$

$$p = (10, 15, 6, 8, 4)$$

- c) What is Hamiltonian cycle? Find out all possible Hamiltonian cycle for the following graph.

