Total No. of Questions: 5]					SEAT No.:	
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	1	101-GC-01 : MA				
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<i>T</i>	1/ WW		7			1
Time: 2		the candidates:			[Ma	x. Marks : 50
1)		estions are compulsor	ry.		47	
2)		questions carries equi		S.	0.	
Q1) So				. •.4	() \(\frac{1}{2} \).	$[5 \times 2 = 10]$
a)		cribe Business Entir	-			
b)		te any two objective			X U	
c)	9 X	at are the errors that Which of the follow				
	19/	1) Matching Co	_	s not all acco	oniting concept.	
	X,	2) True and Fai	_	ent		
		3) Dual Aspect				
		4) Going Conce	The second second			
d)	ii)	Which of the follo	wing i	s correct acco	ounting equation?	
		1) Assets = Liab	ollities	– Capital		
		2) Liabilities	Assets	Capital		
		3) Capital = Ass				2
		4) Liabilities = A				
e)		term 'Contribution	V		·	S, Co
	1)	Subscription towa			•	
	ii)	Excess of selling p			ost per unit	5 .
	iii) iv)	Difference between None of the above		ening price ai	nd total edst)	
f)	- Table 1	lain Cost Centre an		Unit	2 6	
g)	Total Control	ch the Columns.	u Cost	Cint.	0,0	
5)		umn A		Column B		
	i)	BEP	1)		the relationshi	p between
	ii)	Margin of Safety	2)	Marginal Co		
	iii)	P/V Ratio	3)	FC/PV Ratio	- 1	
	•)	17 11 0	4)	100	DED C 1	

iv)

h)

State advantages of standard costing

Variable Cost

4)

Actual Sales - BEP Sales

Q2) Answer any two questions:

 $[2 \times 5 = 10]$

- a) Explain the importance of Accounting in Business Organization.
- b) What do you mean by Budget? State advantages of Budgetary control.
- c) Differentiate between Relevant and Irrelevant Cost.

Q3) Answer any one question:

[10]

a) From the following Trial Balance of M/s Mayur, Mumbai, prepare Trading and Profit & Loss A/c and Balance Sheet as on 31st March 2024.

Particulars	Debit (₹)	Credit (₹)
Capital		2,00,000
Land and Building	87,000	
Plant and Machinery	17,500	000
Goodwill	20,000	
Drawings	22,600	
Cash in Hand	2,000	S
Opening Stock	27,000	
Wages	10,000	
Purchases	69,000	
Carriage Inward	600	
Traveller's commission	6,000	
Insurance	2,000	
Motor Car	3,000	
Carriage Outward	1,400	
Sales		95,000
Salaries	15,000	
Bank charges	900	
RDD		500
Debtors	20,000	9, 3
Creditors		7,500
Total	3,04,000	3,04,000

The following adjustments are to be considered:

- i) Closing stock was valued at ₹46,000.
- ii) Insurance premium amounting to ₹800 is prepaid.
- iii) Outstanding salaries amounted to ₹1,000.
- iv) Depreciate Motor Care@ 20% and Plant and Machinery @ 10% p.a.

OR

Prepare a statement of cost from the following details and calculate the b) profit for the year 2024. Show the Prime Cost, Factory Cost, Cost of Production, Total Cost separately in the statement.

Particulars	Amount (₹)
Cost of Direct Materials	2,00,000
Sales	4,00,000
Direct Wages	1,00,000
Office Indirect Materials	5,000
Direct Expenses	50,000
Postage and Telegram	2,000
Factory Rent and Insurance	5,000
Carriage Outward	2,500
Interest on Loan	2,150
Printing and Stationery	500
Factory Indirect Wages	3,000
Advertisement Cost	4,000
Salesman's Salary	4,000
Factory Indirect Materials	1,000
General Works Overheads	2,000
Bad Debts Written Off	1,000

Q4) Answer any one question.

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wer aı	ny one qu	estion.	[30]			
As a	Cost Acc	ountant your rec	quired to calculate the following:			
i)	P/V Rati	0				
ii)	Fixed Co	ost [×]				
iii)	Break Even Sales					
iv)	iv) Sales to earn profit ₹8 lakhs					
v)	v) Margin of safety					
	Year	2021(₹)	2022 (₹)			
	Profit	4,00,000	6,00,000			
	Sales	16,00,000	21,00,000			

OR

- b) The following records of Akshay Ltd are available. As a cost accountant you are required to analyse:
  - Contribution i)
  - P/V Ratio ii)
  - BEP in Units and in ₹ iii)
  - Margin of Safety iv)
  - The sales required to earn a profit of ₹6,000 v)

Fixed Cost ₹4.500

Variable Cost ₹7,500

Sales ₹15,000

Units Sold 5000 Units

## **Q5)** Answer any one question :

[10]

S. S. Enterprises given the following details of 60% capacity Flexible Budget As a finance executive you are required to evaluate and prepare a budget for 75% and 90% capacity.

Particulars	60% Capacity (₹)
Prime Cost Materials	1,60,000
Depreciation	60,000
Productive Wages	40,000
Rent	12,000
Indirect Materials	48,000
Insurance of Machinery	12,000
Indirect Labour	40,000
Electric Power (40% Fixed)	8,000
Repairs and Maintenance (60% Fixed)	20,000

OR

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A Solution of the state of Shrihari Engineering manufactured 100 items of product A. Prime and b) quantity details are as below;

Standard Qty - 2Kg per item

Actual Qty - 3Kg per item

Standard Price - ₹10 per kg

Actual Price - ₹8 per kg

Calculate:

- Material Cost Variance i)
- ii) Material Price Variance
- Material Usage Variance iii)

