Total No. of Questions : 3]	SEAT No. :		
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[6033]-501

T.Y. B.B.A. (Semester - V) 501 : RESEARCH METHODOLOGY (2019 Pattern) (CBCS)

		2 Hou	_	[Max. Marks : 7	'0
Insti	испо 1)			candidates: ions are compulsory.	
	2)	Figi	ires t	to the right indicate full marks.	
Q 1)	A)	Fill	in th	ne blanks (Attempt any 5 out of 6):	5]
		i)	elec	is either a written or printed, either in physical form of ctronic form and contains spaces for answers.	r
			a)	Questionnaire	
			b)	Interviews	
			c)	Schedules	
			d)	Observation	
		ii)	Res	search process begins with	
			a)	Identification of research problem	
			b)	Research design	
		_	c)	Collection of data	
	1	Q	d)	Report writing	
	-	iii)	A I	Blue print of Research work is known as	
			a)	Sampling design	
			b)	Research design	
			c)	Research hypotheses	
			d)	Research approach	

Sample Both (a) and (b) Neither of the above in one Sentence (Attem at is Hypothesis? at is Research Design? at is ANOVA? at is Research Problem? at is Abstract? at is Non Probability Sale Pairs:		[5]				
Sample Both (a) and (b) Neither of the above in one Sentence (Attem at is Hypothesis? at is Research Design? at is ANOVA? at is Research Problem? at is Abstract?		[5]				
Sample Both (a) and (b) Neither of the above in one Sentence (Attem at is Hypothesis? at is Research Design? at is ANOVA? at is Research Problem?		[5]				
Sample Both (a) and (b) Neither of the above in one Sentence (Attem at is Hypothesis? at is Research Design? at is ANOVA?		[5]				
Sample Both (a) and (b) Neither of the above in one Sentence (Attem at is Hypothesis? at is Research Design?	pt any 5 out of 6)	[5]				
Sample Both (a) and (b) Neither of the above in one Sentence (Attem at is Hypothesis?	pt any 5 out of 6)	[5]				
Sample Both (a) and (b) Neither of the above in one Sentence (Attem	pt any 5 out of 6)	[5]				
Sample Both (a) and (b) Neither of the above	pt any 5 out of 6)	[5]				
Sample Both (a) and (b)						
Sample						
Colloud						
Census						
After every ten years, information regarding population of Ind is collected through						
4						
Primary & Secondary None of these						
Secondary data						
Primary data	.60°					
v) The data which are collected from the place of origin is						
Testing of data						
Reporting of data	1					
Presentation of data		<u> </u>				
D						
Interpretation of data						
-						
	Presentation of data	Interpretation of data Presentation of data				

Colun	nn 1	Column 2		
i) E	Historical Research	a)	Primary data	
ii) C	Open Questionnaire	b)	Conversation of data into usable and desired form	
iii) L	ikert Scale	c)	Respondents are asked to express their response on a five point scale	
iv) D	Data Processing	d)	Respondent is free to response in his own words	
v) C	Observation Method	e)	Past Data	

	D)	Fill in the Blanks (Attempt any 5 out of 6) [5]
		is the final stage in the Research Process.
		i) in the Research means drawing inference from facts.
		ii) Data collected from The Newspaper is an example of Data
		v) Sending Questionnaire to a respondent with a request to complete and return by post is called
		gathering specific information from respondents.
		vi) sampling method works like chain referral.
<i>Q</i> 2)	Long	Answer of questions (Attempt any 3 out of 5): [30]
~	a)	Discuss the research process and criteria of good research in detail.
	b)	State the concept of secondary data. Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of the same.
	c)	What is meant by sampling? State the various steps in sampling process
	d)	What is meant by tabulation? Explain the Objectives of tabulation.
	e)	Explain the need & techniques of Data Interpretation.
03)	Writ	Short answer (Attempt any 4 out of 5): [20]
<i>Q3)</i>	a)	Challenges before Researchers in India
	b)	Need of Research Design
	c)	Sources of Primary Data
	d)	Scaling & Measurement
	e)	Layout of the Research Report
		Day out of the Research Report