Total No. of Questions: 3]		SEAT No.:
PA-2003	[5055] 204	[Total No. of Pages : 2
	[5955]-304	

[5955]-304 S.Y. B.B.A.(I.B.)

304: PRODUCTION & OPERATION MANAGEMENT (2019 Pattern) (Semester-III)

Time : 2½ Ho	urs]		[Max. Marks : 70
	o the candidates:		
	mpt all questions.		
2) Figu	ures to the right indicates full m	earks.	_
<i>Q1</i>) A) M	fultiple choice questions:		[5×1=5]
a)	Which is not clinical wast	te?	60.
	i) Blood	ii)	Body parts
	iii) Paper	iv)	Needles
b)	Which can't be recycle?	~`	0
	i) Water	(ii)	Paper
	iii) plastic	iv)	Iron
c)	In EOQ "O" stands.)	
	i) Ordering cost	ii)	Carrying cost
	iii) Optimal cost	iv)	None of above
d)	Stock is also known as.		
	i) inventory	ii)	Sales
	iii) Factory expenses	iv)	None of above
(e)	Automation reduces	•	
7	i) Cost	ii)	Time
	iii) Waste	iv)	All of above
B) M	atch the column:		[5×1=5]
	Group-A		Group-B
a)	Gantt chart	i)	Material management
b)	Bar chart	ii)	Plastic
c)	3's R	iii)	Re use
d)	Solid waste	iv)	Minor work
e)	ABC	v)	Scheduling

	\mathbf{C}	Ans	wer in 1 sentences?	[5×1=5]	
		a)	FMS stand for what?		
		b)	For inventory, F.S.N. analysis stand for what?		
		c)	When fixed position layout is adopted?		
		d)	What is automation?		
		e)	What is Bin card?		
	D)	Fill i	in the blanks:	$[5\times1=5]$	
		a)	Store ledger prepare by		
		b)	Objective of work study to improve		
		c)	Flow of production is not continuous. It is		
		d)	Queiry theory is example of model.	\	
		e)	In break even point,		
			٧, ١		
Q 2)	Atter	npt a	Queiry theory is example of model. In break even point, any 3 out of 5:	$[3 \times 10 = 30]$	
	a)				
	b)	Exp	lain various types of waste.		
	c)	Exp	lain various types of Devision model.		
	d)	Exp	lain advantage & disadvantage product layout.		
	e) Explain Historical phases of Automation.				
			. 10		
Q 3)	Write	e sho	rt note (Any 4 out of 6)	$[4 \times 5 = 20]$	
	a)	codi	fication		
	b)	Proc	duction planning & control		
	c)	EOC	Q		
	d)	Unit	t load equipment		
	e)	Rou	te card		
	f)	Fixe	ed automation Vs flexible Automation		
			λ λ λ		