

Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

P5137

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5823]-301

S.Y. B.Sc. (Computer Science)

CS-231 : DATA STRUCTURES AND ALGORITHMS-I

(2019 Pattern) (Semester - III) (Paper-I)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *All questions are compulsory.*
- 2) *Figures to the right indicates full marks.*
- 3) *Neat diagrams must be drawn whenever necessary.*

Q1) Attempt any 8 of the following.

[8×1=8]

- a) Define Data object.
- b) Define In-place sorting.
- c) What is circular linked list?
- d) State the principle used in 4-queen problem.
- e) Define Queue.
- f) What is time complexity?
- g) What is best case & worst case time complexity of merge sort algorithm?
- h) "Linked list can be accessed randomly" state true/false. Justify.
- i) Round-robin algorithm is example of which type of queue?
- j) List any two applications of stack.

Q2) Attempt any 4 of the following.

[4×2=8]

- a) Define Big Oh (O) and Big Omega (Ω) Notations.
- b) Define Array. List of an array.
- c) Differentiate between singly linked list and doubly linked list.
- d) Convert following expression to equivalent postfix and prefix notation.
 $(A+B)*C-(D-E) \wedge (F+G)$
- e) What are operations performed on dequeue?

P.T.O.

Q3) Attempt any two of the following: **[2×4=8]**

- a) Define Data structure and explain types of Data structure.
- b) Sort the following data using bubble sort method:
30, 40, 10, 50, 25, 35, 15
- c) Write a 'C' function to create doubly linked list.

Q4) Attempt any two of the following: **[2×4=8]**

- a) Show the stack contents and output while converting following infix expression to postfix expression. $A/B \wedge C + D * E - A * C$
- b) What is linear queue? How to implement it? Explain in detail.
- c) List the variants of sequential search. Explain any one with an example.

Q5) Attempt any one of the following: **[1×3=3]**

- a) List advantageous & disadvantageous of circular queue.
- b) Write a short note on generalized linked list.

