

Total No. of Questions : 5]

SEAT No. :

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F.Y. B.Sc. (Computer Science)

MATHEMATICS

MT - C 112 : Discrete Mathematics

(2019 Pattern) (Semester - I) (Paper - II)

Time : 2 Hours]

[Max. Marks : 35

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Q.1 is compulsory.
- 2) Solve any three questions from Q.2 to Q.5.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Neat diagrams must be drawn whenever necessary.
- 5) Use of single memory, non-programmable scientific calculator is allowed.

Q1) Attempt any five of the following : [5]

- a) Let p and q be the propositions having truth values 'True' and 'False' respectively. Find the truth value of the compound statement $(p \rightarrow q) \wedge (\sim q)$.
- b) Is D_{18} with the 'divides' relation a Boolean algebra? Justify.
- c) Give an example of a relation on the set $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$ which is reflexive and symmetric but not transitive.
- d) Show that in a group of 13 people, there must be at least two having birthday in the same month.
- e) Find the number of three digit numbers divisible by 5 which can be formed by using the digits 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, if repetition of digits is allowed.
- f) Find a_4 , if the sequence $\{a_n\}$ is defined by the recurrence relation $a_n = a_{n-1} + a_{n-2}$; $a_0 = 1, a_1 = 1$

Q2) a) Find the number of integers from 1 to 500 (both inclusive) which are [6]

- i) divisible by 2 or 3 or 5.
- ii) neither divisible by 2 nor by 3, nor by 5.

OR

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Draw Hasse diagram for D_{45} with the partial order relation 'divides'.

Find glb (3, 15) and lub (9, 5).

Is it a complemented lattice? Justify. [6]

b) Test the validity of the following argument. [4]

$$(p \rightarrow r) \rightarrow \sim s, q \rightarrow r, p \rightarrow q, s \vee t \vdash t$$

Q3) a) Find conjunctive normal form of the function [6]

$$f(x, y, z) = \bar{x} \vee (y \wedge (\bar{z} \vee x)).$$

OR

Solve the following recurrence relation. [6]

$$a_r - 7a_{r-1} + 10a_{r-2} = 3^r, a_0 = 0, a_1 = 1.$$

b) Let $Q(x, y)$ be the statement " x has sent email message to y ", where the universe of discourse for both x and y consists of all students in your class. Express each of the following quantification in English. [4]

i) $\exists x \exists y Q(x, y)$

ii) $\exists x \forall y Q(x, y)$

iii) $\forall x \exists y Q(x, y)$

iv) $\exists y \forall x Q(x, y)$

Q4) a) Using Warshall's algorithm, obtain transitive closure of the relation [6]

$$R = \{(1, 2), (2, 2), (2, 4), (3, 2), (3, 4), (4, 1)\}$$

on the set $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$.

OR

Prove that if there are n_1 indistinguishable objects of type 1, n_2 indistinguishable objects of type 2, ----- n_k indistinguishable objects of type k , where $n_1 + n_2 + \dots + n_k = n$, then the number of permutations of

these n objects is $\frac{n!}{n_1! n_2! \dots n_k!}$. [6]

Hence find number of arrangements of the letters in the word 'MATHEMATICA'

b) Let R be the relation on the set $\{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ defined by ' $x R y$ if and only if $|x - y| = 1$ '. Draw the digraph of R . Also write matrix of R . [4]

Q5) Attempt any two of the following :

- a) Let $[B, \bar{}, \vee, \wedge]$ be a Boolean algebra. For elements $a, b \in B$, Prove that $\overline{a \wedge b} = \bar{a} \vee \bar{b}$. [5]
- b) Solve : $a_r - a_{r-1} - 12 a_{r-2} = 0, \quad a_0 = 0, a_1 = 1$. [5]
- c) Show that if any 11 numbers are chosen from the set $\{1, 2, \dots, 20\}$, then one of them will be a multiple of the other. [5]

