

Total No. of Questions : 4]

SEAT No. :

PF256

[Total No. of Pages : 2

Apr-26/SE/Insem-315
S.E. (Automobile & Mechanical) (Insem)
APPLIED THERMODYNAMICS
(2019 Pattern) (Semester-IV) (202048)

Time : 1 Hour]

[Max. Marks : 30

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) *Answer Q.1 or Q.2 and Q.3 or Q.4.*
- 2) *Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.*
- 3) *Figures to the right indicate full marks.*
- 4) *Assume suitable data if necessary.*
- 5) *Use of logarithmic tables slide rule, Mollier charts, electronic pocket calculator and steam tables is allowed.*

Q1) a) Explain the factors affecting the performance of a Vapour Compression System with p-h diagram. **[8]**

- i) Effect of suction pressure
- ii) Effect of superheating
- iii) Effect of suction temperature and condenser temperature

b) In a summer air conditioner, an atmospheric air enters at 30°C DBT and 18°C WBT. The air leaves the air conditioner at 20°C DBT without changing the moisture content. Find the following; **[7]**

- i) Initial enthalpy and specific humidity of air
- ii) Final relative humidity of air and its WBT
- iii) Sensible heat removed per kg of air.

OR

Q2) a) Explain with the help of psychrometric chart following process; **[8]**

- i) Humidification
- ii) Dehumidification
- iii) Sensible Cooling with humidification
- iv) Sensible heating with dehumidification

P.T.O.

- b) The temperature limits of an ammonia refrigerating system are 25°C and -10°C . If the gas is dry at the end of compression, calculate the coefficient of performance of the cycle, assuming no undercooling of the liquid ammonia. Use the following table for properties of ammonia. Draw (T-S) diagram. [7]

Temperature $^{\circ}\text{C}$	Liquid heat kJ/kg h_f	Latent heat kJ/kg h_{fg}	Liquid Entropy kJ/kg. K S_f	Vapour Entropy kJ/kg. K S_g
25	298.9	1166.94	1.1242	5.038
-10	135.37	1297.68	0.5443	5.475

- Q3)** a) Explain with neat sketch Valve timing diagram for 4 stroke SI engine and 4 stroke CI engine. [8]
- b) Give the limitations of air standard cycle. Explain with suitable graphs, the effect of dissociation on maximum temperature and brake power. How does presence of CO affect dissociation? [7]

OR

- Q4)** a) State classification of IC engines on the basis of eight different factors. [8]
- b) Briefly explain the following Losses in an actual fuel- air cycle; [7]
- i) Friction Losses
 - ii) Time Losses
 - iii) Blow down Losses
 - iv) Pumping Losses

