

Total No. of Questions : 4]

SEAT No. :

PB68

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[6268]-263

S.E. (Automobile & Mechanical Engineering) (Insem)

APPLIED THERMODYNAMICS

(2019 Pattern) (Semester - IV) (202048)

Time : 1 Hour]

[Max. Marks : 30

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.
- 4) Assume Suitable data if necessary.
- 5) Use of logarithmic tables slide rule, Mollier charts, electronic pocket calculator and steam tables is allowed.

Q1) a) State the difference between Vapour compression Cycle and Vapour absorption cycle? [7]

b) Air is supplied to a conditioned room at 17°C DBT and 50% RH. The air leaves the room at 25°C DBT during which RH increased by 5%. [8]

Find the Following Properties of air

- i) DPT of supply air
- ii) Change in enthalpy during the process
- iii) Change in specific humidity during the process.

Show it on psychometric chart.

OR

Q2) a) Define the following terms; [7]

- i) Saturated air
- ii) Wet bulb depression
- iii) Relative humidity
- iv) Dew point temperature

b) In a standard vapor compression refrigeration cycle, operating between an evaporator temperature of -10°C and a condenser temperature of 40°C , the enthalpy of the refrigerant, at the end of the compression is 220 kJ/kg. Show the cycle diagram on T-s plan. [8]

P.T.O.

T(°C)	P(bar)	hf(kJ/kg)	hg(kJ/kg)
-10	2.191	26.85	183.1
40	9.607	74.53	203.1

Calculate:

- i) COP of the cycle
- ii) The refrigerant capacity
- iii) Compressor power

Assuming a refrigerant flow rate of 1kg/min.

Q3) a) Discuss the following engine terminology with a neat sketch [8]

- i) Top and Bottom Dead centre (T. D. C. and B. D. C.)
- ii) Clearance Volume (V_c)
- iii) Swept Volume (V_s)
- iv) Compression ratio (r)

b) Draw theoretical and actual P-V diagrams for an Otto cycle and list the assumptions made. [7]

OR

Q4) a) Enlist 4 components used in IC engine and state their function, material and manufacturing process. [8]

b) State comparison between Air standard with Fuel and Actual cycle. [7]

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