Total No. of Questions : 10]

P3005

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 3

[Max. Marks : 70

[5669]-597 T.E. (Information Technology) **SYSTEMSPROGRAMMING** (2015 Pattern) (Semester - II)

Time : 2¹/₂ Hours] Instructions to the condidates:

- Solve Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4, Q.5 or Q.6, Q.7, or Q.8, Q9, or Q.10. 1)
- Neat diagrams must be drawn whenever necessary. 2)
- Figures to the right indicate full marks. 3)
- Assume suitable data if necessary. **4**)

With syntax and example explain EQU and LTORG statements of *Q1*) a) assembly language. [4]

- b) With neat diagram explain compile and go (assemble and go) loader scheme. What are the advantages and disadvantages of its. [6]
- What is language processor? Explain two main activities of language *Q2*) a) processing. [4]
 - Explain parameter passing methods used in macro definition. b)
- What is forward reference? Explain with suitable example. **Q3**) a)
 - Define Macro, Macro definition. b)
 - Obtain output of all phases of compiler fer the following input string: c) P = e * 10 + C[6]

OR

- List out main functions of PASS I and PASS I of two pass Assembler.[2] **Q4**) a)
 - Explain the significance of transfer vector. [2] b)
 - 2.20.20.20 Convert the following RE to DFA. [6] c) $(a|b)^* aa| (a|b)^* bb$

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[2]

Q5) a) Construct predictive parser for the following grammar and show the working of parser for the input string id₁+id₂*id₃ **[10]**

 $E \rightarrow E + T | T$ $T \longrightarrow T \ast F | F$ $F \rightarrow (E)$ lid

- Write a short note on VACC and YACC specification. b)
- What is operator precedent Grammar? Write operator precedent grammar c) for arithmetic expression also construct operator precedence relation table for it. [4]

OR

Consider following grammar: **Q6**) a) $E \rightarrow E + E | E * E | E / E | (E) | id$

> perform shift reduce parser for the string $id_1 + id_2 * id_3$. Also explain shift. Reduce conflict & reduce-reduce conflict occurred during parsing of string.

- b) Write a note on predictive parser (LL1 Parser) [4]
- What is bottom-up parsing? compare SDR & CLR parsers. [4] c)
- For the statement given below generate the intermediate code in the form **Q7**) a) of: [4]
 - i) Triple
 - ii) Quadruple A = -P * (-0+R)
 - Consider the following grammar. b)
 - $E \rightarrow E + T | T$

 $T \rightarrow T * F|F$

 $F \rightarrow id$

n. Ohoo on how have [6] Design dependency graph for the expression. 4 * 7 + 3

Generate Three: Address code for:

[4]

[10]

$$x = y + z$$

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c)

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OR

[8] **Q8**) a) Explain storage allocation strategies with example. Convert the following production rules into semantic rules and show the b) annotated parse tree for the input: int a,b,c;. [8] $S \rightarrow TL$: $T \rightarrow int$ $T \rightarrow float$ $T \rightarrow cha$ L With examples explain at least four machine independent code **Q9**) a) optimization techniques. [8] Discuss the factors affecting target code generation. [8] b) Explain machine dependent code optimization techniques with suitable *Q10*)a) example. [8] Discuss run time storage management of a code generator. [8] a) 0 2 AR. 2 A.