Total No. of Questions: 8]	26	SEAT No. :
PB-3860		[Total No. of Pages : 4
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## MACHINE LEARNING

**T.E.** (IT)

(2019 Pattern) (Semester - I) (314443)

Time : 2½ Hours] [Max. Marks : 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer Q1 or Q2, Q3 or Q4, Q5 or Q6, Q7 or Q8.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.
- 4) Assume Suitable data if necessary.
- Q1) a) State and explain need of Regression analysis.
  - b) How gradient descent does helps to optimize linear regression model?[6]
  - c) What are the different ways to prevent overfitting and underfitting.

[8

[8]

[4]

OR

- Q2) a) What are different cost functions to access the performance of linear Regression model? In the given Dataset the outliers represent anomalies. Which cost function will be more suitable and why?
  - b) Define of Multivariate Regression and State advantages and disadvantages of Multivariate Regression. [5]
  - c) Consider the following data:

	Prize in Rs	Amount Demanded
1	10	40
2	11	38
3	16	48
4	18	40
5	20	60%

- i) Find values of  $\beta 0$  and  $\beta 1$  w.r.t. linear regression model which best fits given data.
- ii) Interpret and explain equation of regression line.
- iii) Estimate the likely demand when the price is Rs.15.

Q3) a) Consider following data. Which feature will be selected as a root node?

Use Information Gain. Played football is dependent feature. [10]

Outlook	Temperature	Humidity	Wind	Played football (Yes/No)
Sunny	Hot	High	Weak	No
Sunny	Hot	Hìgh	Strong	No
Overcast	Hot	High	Weak	Yes
Rain	Mile	High	Weak	Yes
Rain	Cool	Normal	Weak	Yes
Rain	Cool	Normal	Strong	No
Overcast	Cool	Normal	Strong	Yes
Sunny	Mild	High	Weak	No
Sunny	Cool	Normal	Weak	Yes &
Rain	<sup>©</sup> Mild	Normal	Weak	Yes V
Sunny	Mild	Normal	Strong	Yes
Overcast	Mild	High	Strong	Yes
Overcast	Hot	Normal	Weak <	Yes
Rain	Mild	High	Strong	No

**[7]** 

- b) Define and Explain following terms
  - i) Bayesian Network
  - ii) Advantages and disadvantages of Naïve Bayes Classifier

Q4) a) For the given data set apply Naive Bayes Classifier and predict the Class for Type of Type of family structure=Single Parent, Age group=Young, and Income status=Low [10]

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	Type of family	Age group	Income status	Will they buy a car
	structure			
	Nuclear	Young	Low	Yes
Extended Old		Old	Low	No
	Childless	Middle-aged	Low	No
1	Childless	Young	Medium	Yes
	Single Parent	Middle-aged	Medium	Yes
	Childless	Young	Low	No
	Nuclear	Old	High	Yes
	Nuclear	Middle-aged	Medium	Yes
	Extended	Middle-aged	High	Yes
	Single Parent	Old	Low	No
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- b) Define and explain following terms
  - i) Minority Class
  - ii) Gini Index
  - iii) Entropy
  - iv) Information Gain
- Q5) a) Find all association rules in the following database in the following database with minimum support =2 and minimum confidence = 75%. [10]

Transactions	Data Items
1	Bread, Milk, Diaper
2)	Bread, Milk, Diaper, Coke
3	Diaper, Beer, Eggs
4	Bread, Milk, Coke

b) State & explain with appropriate example different types of linkage use in clustering. [8]

Explain following Terms

erms ( )

[8]

i) Rule

**Q6**) a)

- ii) Support
- iii) Lift
- iv) Confidence
- b) Apply KNN on the Following data. Find class of person whose height is 170 cm and weight is 57 kg. Consider value K = 5 and use Euclidian distance formula.

Height (CM)	Weight (KG)	Class
167	51	Underweight
182	62	Normal
176	69	Normal O
173	64	Normal
172	65	Normal
174	56	Underweight
169	58	Normal
173	57	Normal
170	55	Normal

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<b>Q</b> 7)	a)	With the help of suitable diagram explain Biological Neuron.	[5]
	b)	Explain the architecture of feed forward neural network. State limitations.	e its [7]
	c)	What is deep learning? Explain different applications of deep learning	ng. [ <b>5</b> ]
		OR OR	[-]
<b>Q</b> 8)	a)	What is perceptron? Explain multilayer perceptron in detail.	[5]
	b)	Explain why we use non-linearity function? State and explain three type neurons that add non-linearity in their computations.	es of [ <b>7</b> ]
	c)	What is ANN? Explain McCulloch Pitts Neuron.	[5]
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