

Total No. of Questions : 10]

SEAT No. :

P3388

[Total No. of Pages : 3

[5353] - 591

T.E. (IT)

THEORY OF COMPUTATION

(2015 Pattern)

Time : 2½ Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4, Q.5 or Q.6, Q.7 or Q.8, Q.9 or Q.10.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Assume suitable data if necessary.

Q1) a) Define pumping lemma. Prove that the language  $L = \{a^n b^{n+1} / n > 0\}$  is non regular. [6]

b) Construct FSM for divisibility by 3 tester for binary number. [4]

OR

Q2) a) Construct the Mealy machine to accept strings ending with '00' or '11' over  $\Sigma = \{0,1\}$ . Convert Mealy Machine into equivalent Moore machine. [8]

b) If  $L(r) = \{\epsilon, x, xx, xxx, xxxx, xxxxx\}$  What is  $r$ ? [2]

Q3) a) Simplify the following grammar [5]

$S \rightarrow a/Xb/aYa$

$X \rightarrow Y/\epsilon$

$Y \rightarrow b/X$

b) Write an equivalent left-linear grammar for the right-linear grammar which is defined as : [5]

$S \rightarrow 0A/1B$

$A \rightarrow 0C/1A/0$

$B \rightarrow 1B/1A/1$

$C \rightarrow 0/0A$

P.T.O.

OR

**Q4) a)** Check whether or not the following grammar is ambiguous : if it is ambiguous, remove the ambiguity and write an equivalent unambiguous grammar  $E \rightarrow E + E / E - E / E * E / E / E / (E) | id$  [6]

b) Convert the given CFG  $G = (\{s\}, \{a\}, p, s)$  into CNF. [4]

$S \rightarrow aaaaaS / aaa$

**Q5) a)** Construct PDA to accept the strings containing equal no. of  $a$ 's &  $b$ 's over  $\Sigma = \{a, b\}$  [8]

Write ID for

i)  $abbaab.$

ii)  $aabb.$

b) Design a PM that checks if the given string contains well-formed parenthesis. [8]

Simulate for

$(()())$

OR

**Q6) a)** Construct a PDA that accepts the language  $L = \{a^n b^m a^n / m, n \geq 1\}$ . [8]

Write ID for

i)  $aabbaa.$

ii)  $abbba$

b) Construct PDA for the following language [8]

$L = \{a^{2^n} b^n / n \geq 1\}$

- Q7)** a) Design a TM which compares two positive integers  $m$  &  $n$  and produces output Gt if  $m > n$  ; Lt if  $m < n$ ; and Eq if  $m = n$  ; [12]

Write simulation for the input

i)  $m = 1, n = 2.$

ii)  $m = n = 2.$

- b) Write short note on UTM. [6]

OR

- Q8)** a) Construct TM for the language  $L = \{a^n b^n c^n \mid n > 0\}.$  [10]

- b) Design a TM to find the value of  $\log_2(n)$  where  $n$  is any binary number & a perfect power of 2. [8]

- Q9)** a) Prove that following are decidable languages. [10]

i)  $A_{CFG} = \{\langle G, W \rangle \mid G \text{ is a CFG that generates string } W\}.$

ii)  $E_{CFG} = \{\langle G, W \rangle \mid G \text{ is CFG \& } L(G) = \phi\}.$

- b) Define the class P & Class NP problems with example. [6]

OR

- Q10)** a) Prove that [8]

$PCP = \{\langle P \rangle \mid P \text{ is an instance of the post correspondence problem with a match}\}$

is undecidable

- b) Explain Turing Reducibility with example. [8]

