

# S.E. (Computer/I.T./AI\&ML) <br> ENGINEERINGMATHEMATICS - III (2019 Pattern) (Semester - IV) (207003) 

Time : $\mathbf{2 ¹ ⁄ 2}^{1 ⁄ 2}$ Hours]
[Max. Marks : 70
Instructions to the candidates:

1) Q. 1 is compaisory.
2) Attempt Q2or Q3, Q4 or Q5, Q6 or Q7, Q8 or Q9.
3) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
4) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
5) Useof electronic pocket calculator is allowed.
6) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

Q1) Write the correct option for the following multiple choice questions:
i) $y: 123$
$x: 159$
The least square fit of the form $x=a y+b$ to the above data is $\qquad$ . 8
a) $x=2 y-5$
b) $x=4 y+4$
c) $x=4 y+1$
d) $x=4 y-3$
ii) For two events $A$ and $B, P(A)=\frac{2}{3}, P(B)=\frac{3}{8}$ and $P(B)=\frac{1}{4}$, then the events A and B are $\qquad$ .
a) mutually exclusive and independent
b) not mutually exclusive and not independent
c) independent, but not mutually exclasive
d) mutually exclusive, but not independent
iii) Using Gauss elimination method, the solution of system of equations $x+4 y-z=-5, y+\frac{5}{3} z=\frac{7}{3}$ and $-13 y+2 z=19$ is $\qquad$
a) $x=\frac{117}{71}, y=-\frac{81}{71}, z=\frac{148}{71}$
b) $x=\frac{71}{117}, y=\frac{71}{81}, z=\frac{71}{148}$
c) $x=-\frac{117}{71}, y=\frac{81}{71}, z=-\frac{148}{71}$
d) $(x)=1, y=2, z=0$
iv) $\int_{0}^{x}$ Lagrange's polynomial passes througho $\begin{array}{lll}0 & 1\end{array}$ then $\int_{0}^{1} y d x=$
$\qquad$ .
[2]
a) $\frac{2}{3}$
b) $\frac{3}{2}$
c) $\frac{1}{2}$
d) 3
v) If $\sum x y=2638, \bar{x}=14, \bar{y}=17, n=10$, then $\operatorname{cov}(x, n)-$ $\qquad$ .
a) 25.8
b) 23.9
c) 20.5
d) 24.2
vi) If $x_{0}, x_{1}$ are two initial approximations to the root of $f(x)=0$, by secant method the next approximation $x_{2}$ is given by $\qquad$ .
a) $\quad x_{2}=\frac{x_{0}+x_{1}}{2}$
b) $x_{2}=x_{1} \frac{f\left(x_{1}\right)}{f^{1}\left(x_{1}\right)}$
c)
d) $\stackrel{x_{2}}{x_{2}}=x_{1}+\frac{\left(x_{1}+x_{0}\right)}{\left(f_{1}+f_{0}\right)} f_{1}$

Q2) a) The first four moments of a distribution about 4 are $-1.4,17,-30$ and 108. Obtain the first four central moments and coefficient of skewness \& kurtosis.
b) Fit a linear curve of the typed $a x+b$, to following data,

| $x$ | 10 | $15 \hat{y}$ | 20 | 25 | 30 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | 0.75 | 0.935 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.3 |

c) Find the correlation coefficient for the following data,

| Population density | 200 | 500 | 400 | 700 | $800^{\circ}$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Death rate | 12 | 18 | 16 | 21 | 10 |

OR
Q3) a) Find coefficient of variability for following data,

| C.I. | $0-10$ | $10-20$ | $20-30$ | $30-400$ | $40-50$ | $50-60$ | $60-70$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Freq. $(f)$ | 4 | 7 | 8 | ,$\pm 2$ | 25 | 18 | 10 |

b) Fit a linear curve $y=a x+b$, by leastesquare method to the data,

| $x$ | 100 | 120 | 140 | 160 | 180 | 200 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | 0.9 | 1.1 | 1.2 | 1.4 | 1.6 | 1.7 |

c) The regression equations are $8 x-10 y+66=0$ and $40 x-18 y=214$. The value of variance of $x$ is 9 . Find
i) the mean values of $x$ and $y$
ii) the gorrelation $x$ and $y$ and
iii) thé standard deviation of $y$

Q4) a) ${ }^{\downarrow}$ Three factories A, B and C produse lighṫbulbs. $20 \%, 50 \%$ and $30 \%$ of the bulbs are available in the market by factories $\mathrm{A}, \mathrm{B}$ and C respectively. Among these, $2 \%, 1 \%$ and $3 \%$ of the bulbs produced by factories A, B and C are defective. A bulb is selected at random in the market and found to be defective. Find the probability that this bulb was produced by factory $B$.
b) On an average, $20 \%$ of the computers in a firm are virus infected. If 10 computers are ceosen at random from this firm, find the probability that at least one computer is virus infected, using Binomal disfrîbution.
c) The height of a student in a school follows anorma dístribution with mean 190 cm and variance $80 \mathrm{~cm}^{2}$. Among the 1,000 students from the school, how many are expected to have heightabove 200 cm ?
(Given : $\mathrm{z}=1.118, \mathrm{~A}=0.3686$ )
OR

Q5) a) A die is tampered in such a way that the probability of observing an even number is twice as likely to observe an odd number. Find the expected value of the upper m@st face obtained after rolling the die.[5]
b) The number of industrialimjuries per working week in a factory is known to follow a Poisson distribution with mean 0.5 . Find the probability that during a particulafweek, at least two accidents will take place.
c) A peacultiva(ing experiment was performed. 219 round yellow peas, 81 rouna green peas, 61 wrinkled yellow peas and 31 wrinkled green peas were noted. Theory predicts that these phenotypes śhould be obtained in the ratios 9:3:3:1. Test the compatibility of the data with theory, using $5 \%$ level of significance. (Given : $\chi_{\text {ab }}^{2}=7.815$ )

Q6) a) Obtain the root of the equation $x^{3}-4 x-9=0$ that lies between 2 and 3 by Newton-Raphson method eorrect to four decimal places.
b) Solve $2 x-\cos x-3=0$ by using the method of successive approximations correct of three decimal places.
c) Solve by Gausse Seidel method, the system of equations:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& 2 x_{1}+x_{2}+6 x_{3}=9 \\
& 8 x_{1}+3 x_{2}+2 x_{3}=13 \\
& x_{1}+5 x_{2}+x_{3}=7
\end{aligned}
$$

Q7) a) Solve by Gauss elimination method the system of equations:

$$
4 x_{1}+x_{2}+x_{3}=4
$$

$$
x_{1}+4 x_{2}-2 x_{3}=4
$$

$$
3 x_{1}+2 x_{2}-4 x_{3}-6
$$

b) Solve by Jacobi's iteration method, the system of equations:

$$
20 x_{1}+x_{2}-2 x_{3}=17
$$

$$
3 x_{1}+\frac{20 x_{2}}{2}-x_{3}=-18
$$

$$
2 x_{1}-3 x_{2}+20 x_{3}=25
$$

c) Find a real root of the equation $x^{3}-2 x-5=0$ by the method of false position at the end of fifth iteration.

Q8) a) Using Newton's backward difference formula, find y at $\mathrm{x}=4.5$ for the following data.

| $x$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $y$ | 3.47 | 6.92 | $\Pi 1.25$ | 16.75 | 22.94 |

b) Use Simpson's 3/8品qule, to estimate $\int_{1}^{7} f(x) d x$ from the following data.

| $x$ | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 77 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $f(x)$ | 81 | 75 | 80 | 83 | 78 | 70 | 60 |

c) Use Euler's method to solve $\frac{d y}{d x}=x^{2}+y, y(0)=1$. Tabulate values of $y$ for $x=0$ to $x=0.3$. (Take $h=0.1)$

OR

Q9) a) Use Runge-Kutta method of $4^{\text {th }}$ order to solve $\frac{d y}{d x}=\frac{y-x}{y+x}, y(0)=1$ at $x=0.2$ with $h=0.2$.
b) Using modified Euler's method, find $y(1.1)$. Given $\frac{d y}{d x}=2+\sqrt{x y}, y(1)=1$. Take $h=0.1$. (Two iteration only)
c) Determinethe value of $y=\sqrt{151}$, using Newton's forward difference formula, from the following data.

| $y=\sqrt{x}$ | 12.247 | 12.329 | 12.410 | 12.490 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |

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