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# S.E. (Information Technology) <br> DATABASE MANÂGEMENT SYSTEM (2019 Pattern) (Semester - IV) 

Time: $2^{1 ⁄ 2} 2$ Hours]
[Max. Marks: 70
Instructions to the candidates:

1) Answer Q. $\operatorname{Cor} Q .2,2.3$ or $Q .4, Q .5$ or Q.6, Q. 7 or Q.8.
2) Neat diagrams mast be drawn wherever necessary.
3) Figurest to the लight side indicate full marks.
4) Asstime Suitable data if necessary.
5) Use of Scientific calculator is permitted.

Q1) a) Consider following database:
Student (Roll_no, Name, Address)
Subject (Sub_code, Sub_name)
Marks (Roll_no, Sub_code, marks'
Write following queries in SQL :
i) Find average marksof each student, along with the Roll_no of student of subject Code 'CE2412'.
ii) Find how many students have failed in the subject "DBMS".
iii) Construct suitable view on above schema.
b) Explain on delete cascade command with suitable example.
c) What are differentiýpes of jois in SQL? Explain with suitable ézample.[7] OR

Q2) a) Explain with suitable example SQL aggretage functions.
b) Write the syntax for following SQL commanas:
i) create table
ii) alter table
iii) drop table
iv) insert
v) delete
vi) update
c) Write and explain SQL function and procedures with sample example.[6]

Q3) a) Explain with example Materialized evaluation and pipelining
b) Consider following relational tabie. Find nontrivial and trivail functional dependency.

c) List the desirirable properties of decompostion. Explatin loss less join with exanple.

Q4) a) Consider the following Book Relation.
-Book (Book_id, Title, Author, Publisher, Year, Price)
Write relational algebra expression for the following.
i) Display all book title with authers and price.
ii) Display the titles of book having price greater than 300 .
iii) Display books publish in year 2000.
iv) Display all books published by 'PHP' with price greater then 300 .
b) What are the measure of query cost?
c) Define query processing. What are the steps involved in query processing?

Q5) a) What is a deadlock? Explain deadlock recovery fechniques.
b) If we are to ensure atomicity, all the sites in whicha transaction $T$ executed must agree on the final outcome of the execution T nust either commit at all sites, or it must abort at all sites. Deseribe the Two Phase Commit Protocol used to ensure this property in detail.
c) How does the granularity of data items affect the performance of concurrency control? What factors affect othe selection of granularity size of data items?

Q6) a) Explain deadlock prevention and Récovery.
b) Illustrate difference between conflict serializable schedule and view serializable schedual by an appropriate example.
c) What are the types of errors that may cause a tansaction to fail?

Q7) a) Explain 2-tier and $3-$ tier architecture with diagram for online Banking Database system.
b) Explainany two parallel Database System Architecture in detail.
c) Enlist the Addvantages \& Disadvantages of Replication?

Q8) a) Wbat are different data fragmentation techniques in distributed databases?
b) Write a short note on Centralized and Distributed Database Systems.[6]
c) Explain need of partitioning techniques/used in I/O parallelism. Explain techniques in detail.

