Tota	l No	, of Ωu	ostions • 81					
Total No. of Questions: 8] P9137			estions . oj	SEAT No.				
Py)	13	/	[6179]-263	[lota	al No. of Pages : 2			
			S.E. (Information Tecl	U ,				
BASICS OF COMPUTER NETWORKS								
(2019 Pattern) (Semester - III) (214445)								
Time	2:2	½ Hour	s) S.		[Max. Marks : 70			
Instr			the candidates:	7 0 9				
	1) 2)		er Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4, Q.5 or Q.6, Q liagrams must be drawn wherever neces					
	3)	Figur	es to the right indicate full marks.	•				
	<i>4)</i>	Assun	ie suitable data, if necessary.	9	5			
				25.				
Q 1)	a)	Exp	lain the various controlled access n	nethods.	[6]			
	b)	Dra	w & Explain each Field of MAC fra	ame format of IE	EE 802.3 [6]			
	c)	Con	npare TDMA & CDMA with neat D	iagram.	[6]			
		80.	OR	3,62.				
<i>Q2</i>)	a)	Exp	lain the following physical layer impl	ementations in st	andard Ethernet:			
				\mathcal{H}	[6]			
		i)	10 Base 5					
		ii)	10 Base T					
		iii)	10 Base F					
	b)	Wri	te short notes on:		[6]			
		i)	IEEE 802.4 (Token Bus)		* D			
		ii)	IEEE 802.5 (Token Ring)					
	c)	/ 1	cuss CSMA/CA & CSMA/CD. Als	o comment on t	V , V)			
		eacl	1.	8	[6]			
)		20	Ø,			
<i>Q3</i>)	a)	-	lain network layer services with exa		[6]			
	b)	Calo	culate the following for a network a	ddress 192.168,	1.0/27 [6]			
		i)	Number of valid subnets	4				
		ii)	Number of actual hosts per subne	t y				
		iii)	Network and broadcast address for	or each subnet				
	c)	Con	npare between IPv4 and IPv6.		[5]			
			OR	<i>b</i> .'				
					<i>P.T.O.</i>			
			>		1.1.0.			

Q 4)	a)	for class C IP address 8 bits is used for subnet. Each subnet has atte	
	1.		[6]
	b)	Explain the Concept of Subnetting and Supernetting.	[6]
	c)	Explain NAT & CIDR with neat Diagram.	[5]
Q5)	a)	Explain Bellman-Ford Algorithm with help of example. Also wi	rite
<i>Q3)</i>	a)	advantages & Disadvantages of Bellman-Ford Algorithm.	[6]
	b)	Compare and contrast the advertisement used by RIP and OSPF rout	
	0)	protocols.	[6]
	a)		
	c)	Explain Message format of RIPVI & RIPV2.	[6]
		OR	
Q6)	a)	Discuss the advantages and disadvantages of OSPF and BGP rout	
	1-)	algorithms.	[6]
	b) c) c	Explain Optimally Principle with help of example. Compare Non Adaptive & Adaptive Routing.	[6] [6]
		Scompare 1 ton 7 taupure & 7 taupure 1 touring.	ĮΨ
Q 7)	a)	Explain how to achieve reliability at transport layer.	[6]
	b)	Explain the leaky bucket and token bucket algorithm in detail.	[6]
	c)	Explain Three Way Handshake algorithm for TCP connections at a living and the second s	
		establishment.	[5]
		OR	0
Q8)	a)	What is a socket? Explain the various socket primitives and types	of
		socket with Example.	[6]
	b)	Discuss flow control and congestion control mechanisms in TCP.	[6]
	c) (Compare: TCP & UDP.	[5]
			[o]
		socket with Example. Discuss flow control and congestion control mechanisms in TCP. Compare: TCP & UDP.	
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[6179]-263		63	