Total No. of Questions : 8]

PA-1193

## SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 4

[Max. Marks : 70

[4]

## [5925]-215 S.E. (E & TC/Electronics) DATA STRUCTURES

(2019 Pattern) (Semester - III) (204184)

Time : 2½ Hours]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Attempt Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4, Q.5 or Q.6, Q.7 or Q.8.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right side indicate full marks.
- 4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

Q1) a) What is ADT? Explain stack as an ADT.

- b) Write a structure for stack using array. Write PUSH and POP function for stack using array. [8]
- c) Evaluate following postfix expression with the help of stack. [6] 53 + 62/\*35\*+

## OR

- *Q2*) a) What is Queue? Explain insertion and deletion operation in Queue with suitable diagram. [6]
  - b) Explain with example:
    - i) Linear Queue
    - ii) Circular Queue
  - c) Write C functions for ?
    - i) Enqueue in Linear Queue
    - ii) Dequeue in Circular Queue

Q3) a) Write structure definition for single Linked list. Differentiate between static memory and dynamic memory allocation. [6]

- b) Write following C functions in SLL:
  - i) Insert a node at the beginning
  - ii) Delete a node at the end
- c) State the limitations of single linked list. Represent following polynomial using linked list. [5]

 $20x^9 + 15x^7 + 10x^5 + 5x + 50$ 

*P.T.O.* 

[6]

- *Q4*) a) Write structure definition for double Linked list. Differentiate between array and linked list. [6]
  - b) State the limitations of array. Draw and explain double linked list. [5]
  - c) Write following C functions in circular in SLL. [6]
    - i) Insert a node at the end
    - ii) Delete all nodes in the list
- Q5) a) Define binary tree. Explain following terms with suitable examples: [7]
  i) Root node
  - ii) Left and right sub treeiii) Depth of tree
  - b) Construct the Binary Search Tree (BST) from the following data: [5]
     CAR, BAG, MAN, ADD, SAD, FAN, TAN
  - c) Write recursive function for in-order pre-order and post-order traversal of Binary tree. [6]
- Q6) a) Define the following terms with suitable example with respect to Binary tree: [6]
  - i) Strictly Binary Tree
  - ii) Completely Binary Tree
  - iii) Binary Search Tree
  - b) Construct the binary search tree (BST) from the following elements: [6]

45, 20, 80, 40, 10, 90, 70

Also, show pre-order and post-order traversal for the same.

c) What is AVL tree? Explain all the rotations in AVL tree. Construct AVL tree for the following data: [6]

1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6

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What do you mean by adjacency matrix and adjacency list? Give the **Q7**) a) adjacency matrix and adjacency list for the graph shown below: [6]



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b) Find out Minimum Spanning Tree of the following graph (figure 3) using Kruskal's algorithm. [6]



c) Find the shortest path from node 'a' to all nodes in the graph shown in fig.4 using Dijkstra's algorithm. [6]

