Total No. of Questions—8] [Total No. of Printed Pages-3 Seat [5252]-532 No. S.E. (Electronics/E&TC) (First Semester) **EXAMINATION**, 2017 ELECTRONIC DEVICES AND CIRCUITS (2015 PATTERN) Time : Two Hours Maximum Marks : 50 *N.B.* :— (*i*) Solve Q. No. 1 or Q. No. 2, Q. No. 3 or Q. No. 4, Q. No. 5 or Q. No. 6 and Q. No. 7 or Q. No. 8. (ii)Use of logarithmic tables, slide rule, Mollier charts, electronic pocket calculator and steam tables are allowed. Assume suitable data, if necessary. (*iii*) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary. (iv)Figures to the right indicate full marks. (V)Define the following terms w.r.t. JFET : 1. [6] (a)Pinch-off voltage (V_{P}) (i)(*ii*) Cut-off voltage (V_{G S(OFF)}) (*iii*) Forward Transconductance (9 m) Calculate I_D and V_{DS} for the circuit shown in Fig. 1. MOSFET (b)parameters are $V_T = 1$ V, K = 0.1 mA/V². [6] 101 40K 10K Fig. 1 P.T.O.

2. (a) Draw and explain frequency response of JFET CS amplifier. [6]

Or

- (b) Explain the following non-ideal I-V characteristics of MOSFET : [6]
 - (*i*) Body effect
 - (ii) Sub-threshold conduction
 - (iii) Breakdown effects.
- 3. (a) Draw and explain high frequency equivalent circuit of MOSFET. [6]
 - (b) Explain working of MOSFET as a diode.

[6]

4. (a) Explain working of MOSFET as a switch in VLSI circuits. [6]

Or

(b) Determine the small signal voltage gain, input and output resistance of a CS amplifier shown in Fig. 2. MOSFET parameters are $V_T = 1.5 V$, $K_n = 0.8 mA/V^2$, $\lambda = 0.01 V^{-1}$. [6]



- 5. (a) Draw and explain RC phase shift oscillator using FET. State its advantages. [7]
 - (b) An amplifier has a midband gain of 125 and bandwidth of 250 kHz. [6]
 - (*i*) If 4% negative feedback is introduced, find the new bandwidth and gain
 - (*ii*) If the bandwidth is to restricted to 1 MHz, find the feedback ratio.
 - Or
- 6. (a) Explain the effect of negative feedback on : [8] (i) Gain stability
 - (*ii*) Amplitude distrotion
 - (*iii*) Frequency distortion
 - (*iv*) Noise.
 - (b) In a Colpitt's oscillator using FET, $C_1 = 100$ pF, $C_2 = 7500$ pF. If the frequency of oscillations is to vary between 950 kHz and 2050 kHz, determine the range of inductor values. [5]
- 7. (a) Draw and explain principle of current boosting in 3-terminal adjustable voltage regulator. [7]
 - (b) Determine the range over which the output voltage can be varied in LM 317 voltage regulator if value of $R_1 = 240 \Omega$ and R_2 is taken as 4.7 Ω potentiometer. Assume $I_{adi} = 100 \mu A.$ [6]

Or

- 8.
- (a) Compare between linear power supply and switch made power supply.[6]
- (b) Write short note on 'Low Dropout Voltage Regulator'. [7]

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