PA-925



SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5927]-357 B.E. (Electrical) PLC AND SCADA

(2019 Pattern) (Semester - VII) (Elective - III) (403143A)

Time : 2½ Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4 Q.5 or Q.6, Q.7 or Q.8.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

Q1) a) Explain the rules for proper construction of ladder diagram? [9]

b) Draw ladder diagram, I_1 , I_2 = Input & Q_1 , Q_2 , Q_3 , Q_4 = outputs. [8]

	\mathbf{I}_{1}	I_2	Q ₁	Q ₂	Q ₃	Q ₄	S
\mathfrak{I}^{\prime}	0	0	1	1	5		•
V .	0	1	0	1	A		
	1	0	1	0		1	
	1	1	1	R	Q	1	
			C	\mathbf{O}	R		

- Q2) a) Explain ON delay times in detail along with its timing diagram.
 - b) Three Motors are being controlled using three separate timers, each motor will remain ON for 10 sec. After every 10 sec, previous motor stops and the next motor becomes ON. This will continue in a cycle. Switch I_1 is used to start and I_2 is used to stop the cycle. Following table explains the function. [8]

Input Switches - I_1 and I_2

Outputs-Motors M₁, M₂ and M₃

$I_1 = 1 \text{ and } I_2 = 0$	Timer	Time M ₁	M ₂	M ₃
	T ₁	10 sec 10	0	0
	T_2	10 sec 9	1	0
	T ₃	10 sec 0	0	1
$I_1 = 0 \text{ and } I_2 = 1$		0	0	0

P.T.O.

Q3)	a)	Explain simple closed loop systems with Block Diagram.	[9]						
	b)	Explain Temperature Control using PLC with the help of block diagram							
			[9]						
		E LI (ALL OVER	501						
Q4)		Explain "Adjust and Observe" method of PID tunning.	[9]						
	b)	Explain analog Signal Processing. Assume input 0 to 80 V AC, in module 0 to 5 V DC, 8 bit base. How 31 V AC is converted and sca	-						
		up to CPU Input Register. [9]							
Q5)	a)	State and explain different features of SCADA systems.	[9]						
	b)	Explain three SCADA Generations.	[9]						
		OR C							
Q6)	a)	Draw and explain block diagram of SCADA.	[9]						
	b)	Explain automatic substation control through SCADA system.	[9]						
Q7)	a)	Explain Open systems interconnection (OSI) Model.	[9]						
	b)	What are Features, Advantage & Applications of DCS?	[8]						
$\mathbf{O}^{\mathbf{O}}$		Eveloin Distributed Central avectory with next and labelled diagram	[0]						
Q8)	a) b)	Explain Distributed Control system with neat and labelled diagram. Differentiate between PLC and DCS.	[9]						
	0)	Differentiate between tile and Des.							
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		- Xo. V							
r = 0.4		2							
[592	27]-3	Explain Distributed Control system with neat and labelled diagram. Differentiate between PLC and DCS.							