Total No. of Questions : 8]

PB3613

[6261]-18

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages :2

[Max. Marks : 70

S.E. (Electrical Engineering)

ANALOG AND DIGITAL ELECTRONICS (2019 Pattern) (Semester- III) (203143)

Time : 2¹/2 Hours]

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Solve Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4, Q.5 or Q.6, Q.7 or Q.8.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Assume Suitable additional data if necessary.
- 5) Use of non-programmable calculator is allowed.
- Q1) a) Mention the advantages of PLD's [4]
 - b) Differentiate between RAM and ROM. [6]
 - c) With neat diagram explain PAL Mention its advantages and disadvantages. [8]

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Q2) a)	Write a short note on semiconductor memories.	 [4]
b)	What is CPLD? Mention the features of CPLD.	[6]
c)	With neat diagram explain the detail architecture of FPGA.	[8]

Q3) a) Draw the pin diagram of IC 741 and name the pins. [3]
b) Explain with neat diagram and output waveforms. Op-Amp as a zero crossing detector. [6]

c) Draw and explain V-I converter using operational amplifier. [8]

Mention the applications of instrumentation amplifier. [3] **Q4**) a) With neat diagram explain op-amp as peak detector circuit. b) [6] Explain generation of sine waveform using OPAMP. Draw the required c) waveforms. [8] Define filter and mention its type. **Q5**) a) [4] Draw and explain the three terminal fixed voltage regulator IC. [6] b) With neat diagram explain astable multivibrator using IC 555. [8] c) OR Draw the block diagram of regulated power supply **Q6**) a) [4] Explain the internal structure of IC 555 with proper diagram. b) [6] With neat diagrams analyze first order low pass filter using Op-Amp.[8] c) Compare HWR and FWR circuits [3] **Q7**) a) Explain the working of single phase full wave centre tapped diode rectifier b) with pure resistive load. [6] With the help of circuit diagram and relevent waveforms, explain the c) operation of a 3-phase diode bridge rectifier with resistive load. 100A 3.5.50 500 [8] OR [3] Define following terms. **Q8**) a) Form factor i) **Ripple** factor ii) TUF iii) With relevant diagrams explain half wave diode rectifier with RL load. [6] b) Explain the working of single-phase full wave diode bridge rectifier with c) pure resistive load. [8]

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