Total No. of Questions : 8]

## P3147



[Max. Marks: 70

[Total No. of Pages : 3

SEAT No. :

[6004]-480A

## B.E. (Computer Engineering) DESIGNANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VII) (410241)

Time : 2<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Hours]

Instructions to the cardidates

- 1) Solve Q.1 or Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4, Q.5 or Q.6, Q.7 or Q.8.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Assume saitable data, if necessary.
- *Q1*) a) Consider the following instance of the knapsack problem. Find the optimal solution by using dynamic programming approach. [10]

Item	Weight	Profit		
1	2	\$12	C	
2	1	\$10	D'	
3	3	\$200		
4	2	\$15		

Capacity of the knapsack  $\approx$  5.

b) What is job scheduling algorithm? How job scheduling algorithm can be solved using Greedy algorithmic approach? Explain your answer with respect to Principle, control abstraction, time analysis of control abstraction, of greedy approach for the following instance of knapsack problem.

Each job is associated with a deadline and profit.

Job	$\mathbf{J}_{1}$	$\mathbf{J}_2$	$J_3$	J <sub>4</sub>
Deadline	2	1	3	2
Profit	60	100	20	40 20
			OR	

**Q2)** a) What is greedy approach? Explain Job scheduling algorithm using Greedy approach for following examples. Give the sequence of job scheduling.

[8] *P.T.O*.



- What is amortized analysis? Explain aggregate and potential function *Q*5) a) methods used for amortized analysis with respect to stack operations?[9]
  - What is potential function method, of amortized analysis? To illustrate b) potential method, find amortized cost of PUSH, POP and MULTIPOP stack operations. [9]

OR

- Write short notes on the following. **Q6**) a)
  - i) Aggregate analysis.
  - ii) Accounting Analysis.
  - Potential function method. iii)
  - iv Tractable and Non-tractable problems.

Write short notes on with suitable example of each b)

- Randomized algorithm. i)
- Approximation algorithm. Ń)
- Write and explain pseudo code for multi-threaded merge sort algorithm. **Q7**) a) How parallel merging gives a significant parallelism advantage over merge Sort? [9]
  - Explain an algorithm for Distributed Minimum Spanning Tree. [8] b) i)
    - Write and explain Rabin-Karp algorithm for string matching. ii)
      - **OR**
- Write short notes on the following. **08**) a)
  - Multithreaded matrix multiplication. i)
    - Multithreaded merge sort.
  - Distributed breadth first search. iii)
  - iv) The Rabin-Karp algorithm.
  - With respect to Multithreaded Algorithms explain Analyzing multithreaded algorithms, Parallel loops, Race conditions.

[7]

[10]

[8]

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