Total No. of Questions : 8]

## PA-912

SEAT No. :

[Total No. of Pages : 3

[5927]-342

# B.E. (Computer Engineering) DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHMS (2019 Pattern) (Semester - VII) (410241)

*Time : 2<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub> Hours] Instructions to the candidates:*  [Max. Marks : 70

- 1) Answer Q, tor Q.2, Q.3 or Q.4, Q.5 or Q.6, Q.7 or Q.8.
- 2) Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right side indicate marks.
- 4) Assume suitable data, if necessary.

# Q1) a)Solve the matrix chain multiplication for the following 6 matrix problem<br/>using Dynamic programming.[10]

| Matrix     | A <sub>1</sub> | A <sub>2</sub> | A <sub>3</sub> | A <sub>4</sub> | $OA_5$ | A <sub>6</sub> |
|------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--------|----------------|
| Dimensions | 10×20          | 20×5           | 5×15           | 15×50          | 50×10  | 10×15          |

b) Explain Greedy strategy: Principle, control abstraction, time analysis of control abstraction with suitable example. [8]

## OR

Q2) a) Explain the 'dynamic programming' approach for solving problems. Write a dynamic programming algorithm for creating an optimal binary search tree for a set of 'n' keys. Use the same algorithm to construct the optimal binary search tree for the following 4 keys.

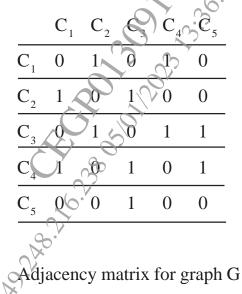
| Key         | Α   | B.6 | ° C | D   |
|-------------|-----|-----|-----|-----|
| Probability | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.4 | 0.3 |

- b) Explain Dynamic programming: Principle, control abstraction, time analysis of control abstraction with suitable example. [8]
- Q3) a) Explain the 'branch and bound' approach for solving problems. Write a branch and bound algorithm for solving the 0/1 Knapsack problem. Use the same algorithm to solve the following 0/1 Knapsack problem. The capacity of the Knapsack is 15 kg.

| Item         | Α  | В  | C  | D  |  |
|--------------|----|----|----|----|--|
| Profit (Rs.) | 18 | 10 | 12 | 10 |  |
| Weight (kg.) | 9  | 4  | 6  | 2  |  |

b) Explain with suitable example Backtracking Principle, control abstraction, time analysis of control abstraction. [8]

- Q4) a) What is Branch and Bound method? Write control abstraction for Least Cost search? [9]
  - b) Explain the backtracking with graph coloring problem. Find solution for following graph [8]



Q5) a) Write short notes on the following.

[10]

[8]

- i) Aggregate Analysis
- ii) Accounting Method
- iii) Potential Function method
- iv) Tractable and Non-tractable Problems
- b) Write short notes on with suitable example of each
  - i) Randomized algorithm
  - ii) Approximation algorithm

### OR

- Q6) a) What is Potential function method of amortized analysis? To illustrate Potential method, find amortized cost of PUSH, POP and MULTIPOP stack operations.
  - b) What is embedded algorithm? Explain Embedded system scheduling using power optimized scheduling algorithm. [9]

[5927]-342

- Q7) a) Write short notes on the following.
  - i) Multithreaded matrix multiplication.
  - ii) Multithreaded merge sort
  - iii) Distributed breadth first search
  - iv) The Rabin-Karp algorithm
  - b) With respect to Multithreaded Algorithms explain Analyzing multithreaded algorithms, Parallel loops, Race conditions. [7]

[10]

#### OR

- Q8) a) Write and explain pseudo code for Multi-threaded merge sort algorithm. How parallel merging gives a significant parallelism advantage over Merge Sort? [9]
  - b) Write a pseudo code for naïve string matching algorithm and Rabin-Karp algorithm for string matching and analyze the same. [8]