Total No	No. of Questions : 8]	SEAT No. :	
P806	[5870]-1126	[Total N	No. of Pages : 2
	T.E. (Computer Engineeri	ng)	
	THEORY OF COMPUTATI	IONS	
	(2019 Pattern) (Semester-I) (
<i>m</i>			
	2½ Hours]	[N	1ax. Marks: 70
1nstructi 1)	ctions to the candidates: Answer Q1 or Q2, Q3 or Q4, Q5 or Q6, Q7 or Q8.		
2)			
3)			
<i>4</i>)		0-	
,	0,30	3	
	, V3		
Q1) a)	n) Write a grammar G for generating the langua	ige S	[9]
~ / /	i) ={w belongs to {a,b}* w is an ev		
	$ \mathbf{w} > 0$	5	
	Set of odd length strings in {0,1}* with	Pmiddle symb	ool '1'
1.	6: 1:6 4 6 11 :		101
b)			[9]
	$S \rightarrow 0A0 1B1 BB$ $A \rightarrow C$		
	$A \rightarrow C$ $B \rightarrow S A$		
	C→ S €		
4			
	OR		, in the second
Q2) a)		Normal form.	[9]
	$S \rightarrow AA \mid 0$		
b)	$A \rightarrow SS \mid 1$ Construct a DFA for the following left linear	. crommor	[9]
b)	S \rightarrow B1/A0/C0	graiiiiiai.	99.
	$B \rightarrow B1/1$		
	$A \rightarrow A1/B1/C0$		20
	$C \rightarrow A0$	2, 2,	
		grammar,	
Q3) a)			
	A = ({q0,q1}, {0,1}, {Z0,Z}, δ , q0, Z0, φ)	where δ is given	en by
	δ (q0, 1, Z0) = {(q0, ZZ0)} δ (q0, ϵ , Z0) = {(q0, ϵ)}	26	
	$\delta (q0, \epsilon, Z0) = \{(q0, \epsilon)\}\$ $\delta (q0, 1, Z) = \{(q0, ZZ)\}\$	\partial \text{?}	
	$\delta (q0, 1, Z) = \{(q0, Z Z)\}$ $\delta (q0, 0, Z) = \{(q1, Z)\}$,	
	δ (q1, 1, Z) = {(q1, ε)}		
	$\delta (q1, 0, Z0) = \{(q0, Z0)\}$		
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P.T.O.

	U)		ol
		i) $S \rightarrow 0S1 A, A \rightarrow 1A0 S \in$	
		ii) $S \rightarrow aABB aAA, A \rightarrow aBB a, B \rightarrow bAA A$	
		OR	
Q4)	a)	What is NPDA? Construct a NPDA for the set of all strings over {a,b	5}
		with odd length palindrome.	9]
	b)	Design a push down automaton to recognize the language generated by	ЭУ
		the following grammar:	8]
		$S \rightarrow S + S \mid S \mid S \mid A \mid 2$	
		Show the acceptance of the input string $2 + 2*4$ by this PDA.	
<i>Q5</i>)	a)	What is a Turing Machine? Give the formal definition of TM. [9]	9]
~ .		Design a TM that replaces every occurrence of abb by baa.	
	b)		9]
		Design TM for language $L = \{a^i b^j i < j\}$	-
		OR	
Q6)	a)	What is TM? Design TM to check well formedness of Parenthesis. Expar	nd
~	7		9]
	b)		9]
	ĺ	i) Universal Turing Machine (UTM)	-
		ii) Recursively Enumerable Languages	
		iii) Halting Problem of Turing Machine	
			(
Q7)	a)	Justify "Halting Problem of Turing machine is undecidable". [9]	93 ⁰
21)	b)	Define the Class P and Class NP and Problem with their example	:?\ \``\
	U)	detail.	ді 9 1
		detail.	υJ
0.0\	\ 4	OR OR	T.D.
Q 8)	a)	Explain Satisfiability Problem and SAT Problem and comment on N	
			9]
	b)	What do you mean by polynomial time reduction? Explain with suitab	
	•	example.	8]
		E) E) 6.	
[587	'0]-1	126 2 S	
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