

Total No. of Questions : 8]

SEAT No. :

PA-1423

[Total No. of Pages : 2

[5926]-39

T.E. (Civil)

WATER SUPPLY ENGINEERING
(2019 Pattern) (Semester-I) (301002)

Time : 2½ Hours]

[Max. Marks : 70

Instructions to the candidates:

- 1) Answer Q1 or Q2, Q3, or Q4, Q5 or Q6, and Q7 or Q8.
- 2) Neat diagram must be drawn wherever necessary.
- 3) Figures to the right indicate full marks.
- 4) Assume suitable data, if necessary and clearly state the same.
- 5) Use of an electronic pocket calculator is allowed.

- Q1) a)** What do you understand by loss of the head and negative head in a rapid sand gravity filter? What are the permissible values? What will happen if the negative head is excessive? [10]
- b)** Calculate the dimensions of rapid sand gravity filter for one lakh population with 200 l/c/d water supply. Assume rate of filtration as 100 l/m²/min & mean size of sand 1.5mm. The terminal head loss is 2M. calculate depth of filter sand required if break through index B=0.002. [8]

OR

- Q2) a)** On what factors the dose of Coagulants depends? How the optimum coagulant dose is determined? [3+3=6]
- b)** Enlist minimum 4 coagulants used. Explain any 01 in detail. [2+4=6]
- c)** Explain with a neat sketch: Working principle of tube settler. [2+4=6]
- Q3) a)** The water works of a town of population 25,000 has to meet its water demand at the rate of 135 l/c/d. If the disinfection is to be done by bleaching powder having 45% available chlorine, determine the quantity of bleaching powder required per year. The required dose of chlorine at the water work is 0.3 ppm for disinfection. [5]
- b)** Explain in detail: use of Nano technology in water treatment. [5]
- c)** Explain with suitable chemical reactions: use of chlorine as disinfectant and importance of pH in chlorination. [7]

OR

P.T.O.

- Q4)** a) State the various methods used for softening of water. State their advantages & disadvantages. [8]
- b) What do you understand by desalination? Why it is necessary? Explain the electrodiaylsis method of desalination. [9]

- Q5)** a) What is meant by balancing capacity of reservoir? How it is determined?[6]
- b) Designed demand of the town is 5 MLD. It is pumped into an elevated service reservoir at a uniform rate from 5am to 9 am & 5pm, to 9pm. The variation in consumption of water is given below. [6]

Period	5am to 9am	9am to 5pm	5 pm to 9pm	9pm to 12 am	12 am to 5 am
06 Consumption	40%	15%	30%	10%	05%

Determine the balancing capacity of the reservoir.

- c) Illustrate use of GIS and drone technology in water management with two examples. [3+3=6]

OR

- Q6)** a) Explain in detail: leak detection techniques as an important tool in water supply engineering. [6]
- b) Explain with a neat sketch : Roof top rain water harvesting. [2+4=6]
- c) Explain in detail: components of RWH system. [6]

- Q7)** a) Explain with example : Jal Jeevan Mission and its impact in rural India before and after its implementation. [9]
- b) Draw a flowchart of package water treatment plant and explain in brief its unit operation and process. [8]

OR

- Q8)** a) Write and explain various kinds of fixtures and fittings used for water saving. [9]
- b) write detailed notes on : [4+2=8]
- SMART city mission
 - AMRUT

