Total No. o	of Questions : 8] SEAT No. :					
PA-1186	[Total No. of Pages : 4					
	[5925]-208					
	S.E. (Civil)					
	CONCRETE TECHNOLOGY					
	(2019 Pattern) (Semester - IV) (201010)					
Time: 2½	Hours] [Max. Marks: 70					
	ns to the candidates;					
1)	Answer QI or Q2, Q3 or Q4, Q5 or Q6, Q7 or Q8.					
2)	Figures to the right indicate full marks.					
	Neat diagrams must be drawn wherever necessary.					
<i>4)</i> <i>5)</i>	Use of non programmable calculator is allowed. Your answers will be valued as a whole.					
<i>6</i>)	If necessary assume suitable data and indicate clearly.					
7)	Use of IS codes 10262, 456 is not allowed					
<i>Q1</i>) a)	Explain the compressive strength of concrete. How it is determined in					
Q 1) a)	laboratory. [6]					
b)	State the various types of non-destructive tests carried on hardened concrete. Explain ultrasonic pulse velocity test with its limitations. [6]					
c)	Explain the relationship between compressive strength and tensile strength					
• ,	of concrete. [6]					
	OR					
Q2) a)	Explain rebound hammer test with its limitations. [6]					
b)	Define creep of concrete. What are the factors affecting on creep of					
	concrete? [6]					
c)	Explain the stress-strain relationship of concrete with neat sketch. [6]					
Q3) a)	What do you mean by concrete mix design? What are the objectives in					
	mix design? [6]					
b)	Explain the factors affecting the concrete mix design. [5]					
c)	Explain DOE method of concrete mix design [6]					
,	OR					
	9.					
	P.T.O.					

Q4) a) Using IS code method design a concrete for grade M35 for following data: [13]

Parameter : Details
Grade designation : M35
Standard deviations : 5.00
Factor based on the grade of concrete. X : 6.50

Type of cement : OPC 53 grade

conforming to Is 8112

Workability : 75 mm(slump)

Exposure conditions Very severe(for RCC)

Degree of supervision : Good

Maximum cement content : 450 kg/m³

Type of aggregate : Angular coarse aggregate

Specific gravity of cement : 3.15 Specific gravity of coarse aggregate and fine : 2.70

aggregate

Water absorption of coarse aggregate : 0.50%
Water absorption of fine aggregate : 1.00%
Free surface moisture for coarse aggregate : Nil
Free surface moisture for fine aggregate : Nil

Sieve Analysis :

Coarse aggregate

	Analysis of coarse Percentage of different fraction				C	
IS Sieve	aggrega	ate fraction				ين ز
(mm)	I	II	I	II	Combined	Remarks
		26.	(50 %)	(50%)	(100%)	.6
20	100	100	50	50	100	Conforming
10	2.80	78.30	1.4	39.15	40.55	to table 7 of
4.75	0	8.70	0	4.35	4/35	IS 383

Fine aggregate: Conforming to grading Zone II of Table 9 of IS 383

Water content per m³ of concrete for 50mm slump:

Sr.	Nominal maximum size of agg	gregate	Maximum water content
No.	(mm)		(kg/m^3)
i)	10		208
ii)	20	6	186
iii)	40	2	165

Volume of coarse aggregate per unit volume of total aggregate for water cement/water-cementitious material ratio of 0.30:

Sr.	Nominal maximum	Volume of coarse aggregate per unit volume			
No.	size of aggregate	of total aggregate for different zones of fine			
	(mm)	aggregate			
		Zone III	Zone II	Zone I	
i)	10	0.56	0.54	0.52	
ii)	12.5	0.58	0.56	0.54	
iii)	20	0.68	0.66	0.64	

Approximate air content

Sr.	Nominal maximum size of	Entrapped air, as % of volum of
Nø.	aggregate (mm)	concrete
i)	10	1.0
ii)	12.5	0.8
iii)	20	>0.5

Minimum cement content, maximum W/C and minimum grade of concrete for different exposures with normal weight aggregates of 20 mm nominal maximum size:

Sr.	Exposure	Minimum cement	Maximum	Minimum grade of
No.		content (kg/m³)	W/C	concrete
i)	Mild	300	0.55	M20
ii)	Moderate	300	0.50	M25
iii)	Severe	320	0.45	M30
iv)	Very severe	340	0.45	M35
v)	Extreme	360	0.40	M40

- b) What do you mean by:
 - i) Mean strength
 - ii) Variance
 - iii) Standard deviation
 - iv) Coefficient of variation
- Q5) a) Describe the types of vibrators used for compaction of concrete. [6]
 - b) What is light weight concrete? How it can be achieved in practice? [6]
 - c) Describe the cold and hot weather concreting. [6]

OR

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<i>Q6</i>)	a)	Write a short note on:	[8]
		i) Fiber reinforced concrete	
		ii) Geo-polymer concrete	
	b)	Enlist special concreting techniques? Explain under water concreting.	[5]
	c)	Explain the ferrocement technology with its applications.	[5]
Q7)	a)	Explain the durability of concrete? What effect the water- cement r makes on durability?	atio [5]
	b)	Write short note on	[12]
		i) Sulphate attack on concrete	
		ii) Chloride attack on concrete	
	-	Carbonation of concrete	
	\	OR	
Q 8)	a)	What are the symptoms and diagnosis of distress of concrete?	[5]
	b)	Explain in detail corrosion monitoring techniques of reinforcement preventive measures against corrosion.	and [6]
	c)	What do you meant by retrofitting of concrete and explain use of f reinforced polymer concrete for retrofitting.	iber [6]
		What do you meant by retrofitting of concrete and explain use of freinforced polymer concrete for retrofitting.	
		28.2	

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