Total No. of C	Questions	s:8]				\		SEAT	No.	:			
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				[640	2]-46								
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	`		0	STATI								•	
	(2019	9 P	attei	n) (Sem			IV)	(217	7528	3)	J		
Time : 2½ Ho	- /	0	S					-	[]	Ia x	. Ма	ırks .	: 70
Instructions to					• • •	_							
				3 or Q.4, Q				2.8,					
	, , , - ,	^ '		e drawn whe idicate full n		ces	sary.	" (3	•			
				if necessary			_\	U.	C)				
,	se of calc		,	•		4		Ğ,					
	9.					3	X						
				hones sold	by the	sh	owro	om v	vas r	eco	rdec		
oda	iys. Find			,		Y	\ \					[10]
i)	Rang	ge an	d Co	efficient of	range	C	3).						
ii)	Qua	rtile	dev	iation an	d coef	fic	eient	of (Quar	tile	de	viat	ion
	For t	he fo	ollowi	ng discrete	distrib	utio	on						
	Day	1	2	3 4 5	6 7	8	9	10 11	12	13	14	15	
	Freq.	29	14 2	1 100 26	38 108	19	100	74 69	104	62	92	22	
b) Ol	btain the	ereg	ressic	n lines y o	n x and	Χ (on y f	or the	data	ι:			[8]
	X		5	1	10		(3	()			
	Y		10	19	5		1	0		5			3

X	5	1	10	3	9	
Y	10	R	5	10	6	
OD						

Find the first four moments about any arbitrary point for the following **Q2**) a) [10] data.

Marks	29	30	31	32	33	34	35 36	37	38	39
No.of Students	2	1	4	5	10	75	50 74	62	15	6

Also find

- Four central moments i)
- Coefficient of skewness and kurtosis
- Compute the coefficient of correlation for the following data.

X	10	14	18	22	26.	30
Y	18	12	24	6	30	36

P.T.O.

[8]

Q 3) a)	In a sample of 1000 cases the mean of a certain test is 14 and stand deviation is 2.5. Assuming the distribution to be normal find							dard [6]	
	i) How	many st	udents s	score be	tween 12	2 and 15°	?		
	ii) How	many so	core belo	ow 8?				5	
	[Given: A((z=0.8)	0.2881,	A(z=0.4)	1)=0.155	4, A(z=2.	4)=0.49	18]	
b)	An unbias	An unbiased coin is thrown 10 times. Find the probability that [5]							
	i) gettin) getting exactly 6 heads.							
	ii) Getti	ng at lea	st 6 hea	ds.					
c)	If the prob								
	injection i	s 0.901.	Determi	ne the p	robabilit	y that out	t of 2000	individ	luals [6]
	i) Exac	tly 3 wil	1 suffer a	a bad re	action.	V			[0]
	70.	ost 1 wi			-4				
	26.			OR	3	63			
Q4) a)	Arandom	variable	X the fo	ollowing	probabi	lity distri	bution		[6]
~ , ,	X	1	2	3	40	5	6	7	
	P(X)	k	2k 🏄	3k	k^2	$k^2 + k$	$2k^2$	$4k^2$	
	Find:	I					I	I	J
	i) <i>k</i>		W.	S ON)				
	ii) $P(x>$	5)	6	5					3
	iii) P(0≤		6						
b)	The numb		akdown	s of a co	mputer i	n a week	is a Pois	sson war	iable
ŕ	with m=np		1						ate
		×)				9		[5]
1		no brea)	
)	ost one				00,	100		
c)	Mean and	variance	of Bind	omial Di	stributio	n are 6 ar	o 2 resp	ectively	7. [6]
	Find					> \sqrt{x}			
7)	i) P(r=0					(3°)			
	ii) $P(r \leq 1)$	1)							
					OB.				
[6402]-4	16			2	8.				

- Q5) a) A random sample of 16 newcomers gave mean of 1.67m and standard deviation of 0.16m. The mean height of the students of the previous year known to be 1.600m. At 5% significance level is the mean height of the newcomers significantly different from the mean height of the students population of the previous years?

 [6] [Given $t_{\alpha} = 2.13$]
 - b) From the data given below. Intelligence tests of two groups of boys and girls gave the following results. Examine the difference is significant at 5% level of Significance.

Mean	S.D.	Size
Girls 70	10	70
Boys 75	22	110

[Given $Z_{\alpha} = 1.96$]

c) Following table shows number of books issued, on the various days of the week from a certain library. At 5% level of significance test the null hypothesis that number of books issued independent of the day. [6]

Day	Mon	Tue	Wed Thur	Fri	Sat
No.of books	120	130	110 115	135	110
issued		•	A.		

[6]

[Given $\chi^2_{\alpha} = 11.071$]

OR

Q6) a) Find the F-statistics from the following data

Sample Size(n) Total Sum of squares
Observations Of observations
1 8 9.6 61.52
2 11 16.5 73.26

b) A school does a study about the occurrence of different colored eyes in its pupils. It is hypothesized that 15% of pupils will have green eyes, 25% of pupils will have blue eyes and 60% of pupils will have brown eyes. Of the 1000 pupils, 80 are chosen at random. The results of the sample are as follows.

[6]

Green	Blue	Brown
18	28	34

[Given $\chi^2_{\alpha} = 5.99$]

A manufacturer claims that a special type of projector bulb has an average life 160 hours. To check this claim an investigator takes a sample of 20 such bulbs, puts on the test and obtains an average life 167 hours with standard deviation 16 hours. Assuming that the life time of such bulbs follows normal distribution, does the investigator accept the manufacturer's claim at 5% level of significance? [6]

[Given $t_{\alpha} = 2.093$]

- Q7) a) State & Prove Neyman-Pearson Fundamental Lemma. [9]
 - b) A single observation is drawn from the distribution [8]

$$f(x,\theta) = \frac{2x}{2\theta + 1} \quad 0 \le x \le \theta + 1$$
$$= 0 \quad \theta \le \theta + 1$$

It is require to test H_0 : $\theta = 1$ vs H_1 : $\theta = 1.5$, H_1 is rejected iff the observation is >1.7. Calculate the probability the errors of two kinds.

OR

Q8) a) Write short note on:

[9]

9. As John January Control of the State of t

- i) Critical Region
- ii) Most powerful test
- iii) Advantages and disadvantages of non-parametric tests
- b) Explain in detail likelihood ratio test and the properties of it. [8]

[6402]-46

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Next sem